First Things First: Why Consulting?

In this chapter you will

- Define consulting
- Identify the experiences, skills, knowledge, and attributes that will lead you to a successful consulting career
- Assess your consulting aptitude
- Identify your initial consulting focus
- Test your entrepreneurial attitude

Consulting: What Is It?

A consultant is someone who provides unique assistance or advice to someone else, usually known as the *client*. The work is defined by the consultant's expertise, the structure in which the consultant works, and the process the consultant uses.

Expertise is based on what a consultant knows and has experienced. It can be anything from gardening to the stock market; from astral projection to pig farming; from organization development to preventing child abuse; from manufacturing to mining emeralds. In his book *Going Solo*, William J. Bond (1997) identifies a list of 296 specialty consulting fields. And his list does not include the eight I have listed in this paragraph.

The structure in which the consultant works can vary. You can work for a firm, for example, one of the large worldwide accounting firms, all of which have consulting branches. You could also work for a small or medium-size consulting firm or with a partner in an office. Other possibilities are working in a virtual organization with a loosely structured relationship with other consultants across states or even nations, working as a subcontractor to any of those I have listed, working by yourself from a home office, or any of a dozen other structures.

The process a consultant uses usually is within one of the steps of problem solving. For example, a consultant might help a client in these ways:

- *Identify the problem:* "Why aren't our catalogue sales growing the way we anticipated?" A consultant might identify the problem as wasteful use of resources or a lack of repeat business.
- *Identify the cause*: "What is causing limited repeat business?" A consultant might identify the cause as sales staff who are rewarded more for new than repeat business or as employees with poor customer service skills.
- Identify the solution: "How do we ensure that our employees have the skills
 they need?" A consultant might identify solutions such as hiring more highly
 skilled employees, offering higher compensation to attract and retain skilled
 employees, or using coaching to improve the customer service skills of current employees.
- Implement the solution: "How can we improve our employees' customer service skills?" A consultant might help implement a solution by designing and delivering customer service skills training, creating a mentoring program that encourages on-the-job skill sharing, or establishing a monitored customer call center that provides feedback to each employee.

To summarize, consultants' expertise, the structure in which they work, and the process they use define the work. And consultants' experiences usually lead them naturally to each of these three elements. Experience and education provide the expertise that leads them to the field in which they specialize. Experience in other organizations as well as the lifestyle a consultant chooses lead them to using the right consulting structure. And experience also provides the consultant with the process, usually based on what the consultant has used in past work or the process the consultant's company uses.

Why a Consulting Career?

No one should have to get up in the morning and go to work. Instead we should all be able to get up and go to play. That is, we should enjoy our work so much that it seems like play. Most of us, however, distinguish work (what we must do) from play (what we'd rather be doing). Unfortunately, most of us get up and go to work every morning and save what we'd rather be doing for later in the day or later in the week. Consulting affords the opportunity for your work to be what you'd rather be doing. How could that be? As a consultant you will have:

- The flexibility to determine when you work, where you work, with whom you work, and what kind of work you do
- The opportunity to use the skills, experience, knowledge, and expertise that you possess and enjoy using
- Control over how much money you will earn
- A chance to do more meaningful work, make a difference in the world, address that greater calling that comes from within
- An opportunity to travel
- The challenge to do more complex, exciting, or difficult work, to learn and grow
- The ability to live in a different location

Do any of these reasons resonate with you about why you would choose a consulting career?

Unfortunately, even when people are given a chance to create the kind of work they wish to pursue, they are sometimes unable to do so because there are so many choices. This book will help you begin to narrow those choices by identifying your experiences (opportunities for learning), your competencies (skills and knowledge), and your aptitude (natural talents and personal qualities).

So why are you interested in a consulting career? In the next sections you will explore the experiences, competencies, and attributes that will help define your consulting role. Let's begin by identifying the experiences you have had that would lead you to pursue a consulting career.

Explore Your Experiences

To begin to narrow your consulting choices, examine the expertise you've gained over the years. Although it's sometimes difficult to name your own expertise, you can easily identify experiences you've had. The skills and knowledge you've gained from your experiences helps define your consulting role. (We will further explore the structure you will consider in Chapter Four.)

Identify all the industries in which you have worked:
Identify all the volunteer experiences you've had:
Identify the organizational levels with which you have experience:
Rate your breadth and depth of experience:

Identify the experiences that were the most rewarding and enjoyable:

Identify the experiences that were the most negative and unpleasant and that you wish to avoid in the future:

The experiences you've had provide you with a level of expertise for which clients will pay. Later in this chapter, you will use the information you have filled in to begin to identify your consulting focus.

Inventory Your Competencies

Everyone is very skilled or very knowledgeable about at least one thing. My plumber, Owen, for example, is the most knowledgeable person I know about anything that goes wrong with my plumbing. He can diagnose problems over the telephone and is highly skilled at making a quick repair.

Identify the knowledge and information you have. For example, a computer salesperson knows about sales and probably has also learned time management skills; a nurse may have taken workshops and read several books to improve communication skills.

List the things you do better than most other people:
List the things that colleagues, employers, friends, and family say that you do better than most others:
Identify special classes, courses, or seminars you've taken:
List special certifications, licenses, credentials, or warrants you hold:
List the problem-solving processes in which you are competent—for example, team building, process improvement, root cause analysis, brainstorming, force field analysis, flowcharting, or dialogue facilitating:

List things you know a lot about:

The skills and knowledge you already possess will help you define your consulting role later in this chapter.

Skills and Knowledge Required of Consultants

From the following list, identify the skills and knowledge for which you require the most improvement. Check the three or four that will make the greatest difference as you begin your consulting role:

☐ Prospecting and marketing
☐ Diagnosing client needs
☐ Gathering data through interviews and surveys
☐ Improving processes
☐ Playing roles such as trusted adviser, change agent, or initiator
☐ Managing expectations
☐ Addressing resistance
☐ Managing and facilitating change
☐ Identifying mutual expectations
☐ Pricing projects
☐ Dealing with paperwork
☐ Analyzing business data

☐ Designing materials
☐ Solving problems
☐ Building relationships
☐ Communicating with others
☐ Writing proposals and reports
☐ Conducting training
☐ Facilitating meetings
☐ Coaching managers
☐ Knowledge of intervention models
☐ Knowledge of processes

Identify how you might gain the skills and knowledge you need:

Continuing to gain skills and knowledge is an investment in yourself. Every time you add to your knowledge base or increase your skills, you become more valuable as a consultant.

Assess Your Consulting Aptitude

Malcolm Forbes, publisher of *Forbes* magazine, has been credited with saying, "Too many people overvalue what they are not and undervalue what they are." Consulting takes a certain aptitude—those natural talents and personal qualities we all have.

It might be the ability to solve a problem methodically or the creative talent to see the problem as a solution. Don't underestimate your natural talents and abilities. And if you know your weaknesses, also know that you can overcome them.

Are You a Match for the Profession?

Read the following statements. They identify the aptitude, natural talents, and personal qualities it takes to be a consultant. Check all with which you agree:

☐ I am a hard worker.
☐ I am in good health.
☐ I am a risk taker.
☐ I have a thick skin; being called a pest, "beltway bandit," or con man does not bother me.
☐ I am persistent.
☐ I am a big-picture person.
☐ I pay attention to details.
☐ I am an excellent communicator—oral and written.
☐ I can think critically.
☐ I am an independent self-starter.
☐ I can promote myself.
☐ I can balance logic and creativity, big picture and details.
☐ I know my limitations.
☐ I can say no easily.
☐ I am self-disciplined.
☐ I am confident.
☐ I am flexible.
☐ I am a goal setter.

☐ I complete tasks.
☐ I am reliable and trustworthy.
☐ I like to work with people.
Although the number of statements you checked will not guarantee success as a consultant, the statements you did not check point to challenges you will face as a consultant.
Which natural talents and abilities need the most improvement and attention?
How will you adapt or acquire talents and aptitudes that aren't natural for you?

Pull It Together: Your Initial Consulting Focus

You have spent some time examining your experiences, your competencies, and your natural aptitudes. Now translate that into what a client might buy:

What experiences do you possess for which a client would be willing to pay?

What skills and knowledge do you posse to pay?	ess for which a client would be willing
What natural talents and personal qualities be willing to pay?	s do you possess for which a client would
To what aspects of the problem-solving pridentify the problem, identify the cause, solution?	
What can you offer that will benefit clients and then add several of your own.	? Check the items on this list that fit you,
☐ Diagnostic skills	☐ Listening skills
☐ Analytical skills	☐ Writing skills
☐ Research skills	☐ Organizational skills
☐ Investigative skills	☐ Change management experience
Objectivity	☐ Flexibility
☐ Creativity	☐ New ideas
☐ Fast turnaround	☐ Meeting deadlines
My publications	☐ My completed research
☐ My contacts	☐ My patents
☐ Knowledge	☐ Contacts with other experts

Experience with
Expertise in
Now take a first cut at describing your consulting work by completing the statement below. Some examples follow.
I am aconsultant who helps
my clients to
This benefits them

Examples

"I am a process improvement consultant who helps my clients become more efficient. This benefits them by reducing redundancy, increasing quality, decreasing time spent, and reducing cost to the customer."

"I am a Web design consultant who helps my clients define and design Web sites. This benefits them by creating a professional-looking Web site in one-tenth the time and at half the cost."

Entrepreneur Attitude: Do You Have What It Takes?

In addition to the experience, competencies, and aptitudes that make up your expertise, you must realize that becoming a consultant means that you are joining the entrepreneurial ranks. The Entrepreneur Attitude Survey shown here will tell you whether you have what it takes to become an entrepreneur.

The Entrepreneur Attitude Survey

Instructions: Rate yourself on the following qualities. They represent the thinking of several authors about the requirements of a successful business owner. Spend ample time pondering these questions and answer honestly. Rate yourself on a scale from 1 to 4 as follows:

1 = strongly disagree 3 = agree 2 = disagree 4 = strongly agree

Circle your answers

	•					
1.	I usually try to take charge when I'm with others.	1	2	3	4	
2.	I can do anything I set my mind to.	1	2	3	4	
3.	I have a high tolerance for difficult situations.	1	2	3	4	
4.	I believe I can always influence results.	1	2	3	4	
5.	I am complimented on my ability to quickly analyze complex situations.	1	2	3	4	
6.	I prefer working with a difficult but highly competent person rather than a friendly,	1	2	2	4	
	less competent one.	1	2	3	4	
7.	I can fire employees who are not producing.	1	2	3	4	
8.	I'm willing to leave a high-paying, secure job					
	to start my own business.	1	2	3	4	
9.	I push myself to complete tasks.	1	2	3	4	
10.	I can work long hard hours when necessary.	1	2	3	4	
11.	I need to be the best at whatever I do.	1	2	3	4	
12.	I do not become frustrated easily.	1	2	3	4	
13.	I thrive on challenges.	1	2	3	4	
14.	I become bored easily with routine tasks.	1	2	3	4	

(Continued)

15. I dislike being told what to do. 2 3 4 16. I have a higher energy level than most people. 2 4 17. I have held numerous leadership positions. 2 3 4 18. I have the skills and enjoy accomplishing a complex task by myself. 2 3 4 19. I can change my course of action if something is not working. 4 20. I am seen as a creative problem solver. 2 3 4 21. I can balance the big picture and details of a business at the same time. 1 2 3 4 22. I can predict how actions today will affect business tomorrow and in the future. 2 3 4 23. I need at least ____ hours of 1 = 8 hrs2 = 7 hrs3 = 6 hrs4 = 5 or fewer hrs sleep to function effectively. 24. I have at least ____ years of 1 = 1 yr2 = 2 yrsexperience in the business 3 = 3 yrs4 = 4 yrsI will start. 25. Over the past three years 1 = 1-6 or more days 2 = 11-15 days I have missed a total of 3 = 6-10 days 4 = 0-5 daysdays of work due to illness. *Scoring*: Total the numbers you circled. Go for it! 90 to 100 82 to 89 Good chance of success 74 to 81 Pretty risky 73 and below Better continue to collect a paycheck

Although this survey can give you a general picture of what it takes to be a successful entrepreneur, only you can decide whether the move is right for you:
What did you learn about yourself?
What concerns you the most about being an entrepreneur?
What obstacles might you need to overcome? How will you do that?
What strengths will you parlay to your benefit? How will you do that?



If your score was not as high as you would have liked it to be, call your local university or technical college to learn whether it offers classes in entrepreneurship. Ask for the reading list and syllabus. If you decide you do not wish to take such a course, you may at least want to read some of the books from the reading list to bolster your knowledge about what to expect.

Quick Start ACTION

A Baker's Dozen Questions to Ask a Consultant

Before you begin the next chapter, interview a consultant. Consider it your take-a-consultant-to-lunch assignment. Gain as much information as you can about what it's like to be a consultant. Use the following list of questions to start (and I'm certain you will come up with many others):

- How long have you been a consultant?
- How did you get started?
- Why did you decide to become a consultant?
- How would you describe your consulting practice and the business structure you've selected?
- What do you do for clients?

- What's a typical project like? A typical week?
- What are the work/life balance issues for a consultant, and how do you address them?
- What marketing activities do you conduct?
- What's the greatest challenge for you as a consultant? The most frustrating?
- What would you do differently if you could start your consulting practice over again?
- How can I best prepare myself to become a consultant?
- What would you miss the most if you quit consulting?
- What should I have asked about that I didn't?

After your interview, think about what you learned about consulting. How has it reinforced or changed your thoughts about consulting?

Now that you have defined consulting and identified the experience, skills, knowledge, and attributes that you have that will lead you to a successful consulting career, you are ready to plan that career. Use the Quick Start Lists on the next page to capture your thoughts before moving on to Chapter Two. You will find Quick Start Lists at the end of each chapter. As you read future chapters and identify items you wish to remember, turn to the back of that chapter and record the actions you want to take, the ideas you think of, and the questions for which you want answers.

Actions I Will Take

Ideas I Have

Questions I Have